

### **Country Briefs**

## UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

#### How child-friendly is the Government of Tanzania?

The African Report on Child Wellbeing provides an insight into the wellbeing of children in Africa and assesses the extent to which governments meet their obligations, through a ground-breaking Childfriendliness Index – developed by The African Child Policy Forum (ACPF).

The Government of Tanzania was found to be one of the fairly child-friendly governments in Africa

The Government of Tanzania ranked 23<sup>rd</sup> in the Child-friendliness Index out of the 52 African governments covered in the assessment. This was for three reasons: first, as a result of the Government of Tanzania's fair commitment in putting in place appropriate legal provisions to protect children against abuse and exploitation; secondly because of its mid-level allocation of national budgets to provide for the basic needs of children; and thirdly because of its better than average effort in achieving outcomes as reflected on children themselves.

#### How well does the Government of Tanzania perform in protecting its children?

A number of indicators have been used to assess governments' performance in protecting children against abuse and exploitation (see report for the detail).

The Government of Tanzania has performed fairly well in putting in place appropriate legal provisions to protect children against abuse and exploitation. The ranking puts Tanzania 14th in respect of legal protection of children. Tanzania has ratified most of the relevant child rights treaties (see Table 1).

Tanzania ranked 14<sup>th</sup> for its effort to put in place an appropriate legal and policy framework for children.

The Government of Tanzania has performed well in areas relating to juvenile justice system, national laws and national plans of action for

Table 1 List of child rights treaties by status of ratification, Tanzania

Ratified	Did not ratify
United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC)	International Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities
African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child (ACRWC)	
Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the Sale of Children, Child Prostitution and Pornography	
Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the Involvement of Children in Armed Conflict	The Hague     Convention     on     Intercountry     Adoption
ILO Convention on Minimum Age for Admission to Employment (ILO Convention No. 138)	
ILO Convention on the Worst Forms of Child Labour Convention (ILO Convention No. 182)	

survival, protection and development of children and a government body for coordinating the national strategy for children. There is also a policy of free primary education. However, corporal punishment is not prohibited at home, school or the penal system (see Table 2).

# How does the Government of Tanzania perform in providing for children?

Provision for basic needs of children is measured based on two elements: budgetary commitment and child-related outcomes achieved. All the indicators used for budgetary commitment and child-related outcomes were combined to yield governments' performance score for provision of basic services for children (see Figure 1).

Tanzania ranked 25<sup>th</sup> in the combined index for provision of basic services for children

The other set of indicators refer to the outcomes achieved for children. They measure governments' performances in terms of objective results achieved in services accessed and results reflected on children themselves. Table 3, below, summarises the indicators and the data used for this particular sub-dimension for Tanzania.

Table 2 Performance in other legal and policy related indicators, Tanzania

Indicators	Status
Prohibition of corporal punishment in:	
Homes	Not prohibited
Schools	Not prohibited
As sentence for crime	Not prohibited
As disciplinary measure	Not prohibited
Policy for free primary education	Free
Existence of juvenile justice system/child-friendly courts	Exists
Existence of national plan of action for survival, protection and development of children	Exists
Existence of a government body that coordinates national strategy for children	Exists

Figure 1 Budgetary expenditure on selected sectors, Tanzania

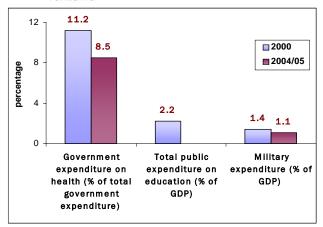


Table 3 Data on child-related outcome indicators, Tanzania			
Indicator	Year	Number/ Percentage	
Child population	2006	20.2 million	
Health			
Infant mortality rate	2005	76	
Immunisation against measles	2005	91	
Percentage of children underweight	*	22	
Percentage of under-fives with suspected pneumonia taken to health provider	*	59	
Percentage of the population using improved drinking water source	2004	62	
Percentage of the population using adequate sanitation facilities	2004	47	
Number of physicians per 100,000 people	*	2	
Education			
Net Enrolment Ratio: Male Female	2004	87 85	
Gross Enrolment Ratio: Male (Primary) Female	2004	103 99	
Gross Enrolment Ratio: Male (Secondary) Female	2004		
Pupil-teacher ratio (Primary)	2004	58	

<sup>\*</sup> The data refers to the most recent available between 2000 and 2006

<sup>...</sup> data not available

Table 4: Child-friendliness Index ranking of African governments

Country	Ranking	Category
Mauritius	1	
Namibia	2	
Tunisia	3	dly
Libya	4	en
Morocco	5	fri
Kenya	6	
South Africa	7	Most child-friendly
Malawi	8	los
Algeria	9	_ ≥
Cape Verde	10	
Rwanda	11	
Burkina Faso	12	
Madagascar	13	_
	14	<u></u>
Botswana	15	- Jue
Senegal		— įį
Seychelles	16	Child-friendly
Egypt	17	_
Mali	18	
Lesotho	19	
Burundi	20	
Uganda	21	
Nigeria	22	
United Republic of Tanzania	23	<b>&gt;</b>
Gabon	24	
Mozambique	25	ie
Togo	26	Fairly child-friendly
Zambia	27	li K
Mauritania	28	<u>5</u>
Ghana	29	air
Djibouti	30	ш
Dem. Rep. Congo	31	
Niger	32	
Cameroon	33	
Congo	34	
Angola	35	dly
Côte d'Ivoire	36	ess child-friendly
Zimbabwe	37	i <del>i</del>
Equatorial Guinea	38	
Sudan	39	
Sierra Leone	40	ess
Benin	41	
Ethiopia	42	
Comoros	43	
Guinea	43	
		<b>→</b>
Swaziland	45	Least child-friendly
Chad	46	-tri¢
Liberia	47	− <u>į</u>
Sao Tome and Principe	48	ch
Gambia	49	ast
Central African Republic	50	-69
Eritrea	51	
Guinea-Bissau	52	

For references and data sources see the main report: The African Report on Child Wellbeing 2008: How child-friendly are African governments?

